

Total number of printed pages-4

19 (VI) INEV 6.4 (OP₅)

2017

**INTERNATIONAL
ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

Paper : 6.4 (OP₅)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions:***

1. Choose the correct option: $1 \times 10 = 10$

(i) The United Nations Conference on the Human Environment was held at Stockholm, Sweden in the year 1972 from 5th to 16 June/15th to 26th June.

(ii) The Convention on Biological Diversity (CBO) was adopted in the Johannesburg Summit 2002/Earth Summit 1992.

(iii) The term 'sustainable development' was defined by the World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED) in its report submitted in the year 1977/1987.

Contd.

- (iv) In the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development held at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil in the year 1992, the Indian delegation was led by then *Prime Minister of India Mrs. Indira Gandhi/Mr. Narasimha Rao*.
- (v) The Montreal Protocol on the substances that deplete ozolone layer was signed in the year 1987/1997.
- (vi) The World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED) was headed by *Mrs. G. H. Brundtland/Mrs. Indira Gandhi*.
- (vii) The Ramsar Convention 1971 on Wetlands of International Importance was held in *Iraq/Iran*.
- (viii) Agenda 21 was adopted in the year 1982/1992.
- (ix) Article 252/253 of the Constitution of India Provides for implementation of International Commitments.
- (x) *Stockholm Declaration/Rio Declaration* is known as the *Magna Carta* of Environmental protection.

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10
- (i) Global warming
- (ii) Vienna Convention
- (iii) Human Rights and Environment
- (iv) Ozone hole
- (v) Brundtland Commission.

3. Write a jurisprudential account on 'Sustainable Development' giving reference to cases as decided by the Supreme Court of India. 12

Or

What are the international mandates for Polluter pays principle and Precautionary principle ? Discuss, giving suitable references to cases as resolved by the Apex Court in India. 6+6=12

4. Explain the principles of Stockholm Declaration 1972. 12

Or

Write short notes on : 6+6=12

- (i) Acid rain and Tajmahal case
- (ii) Global Environmental Facility.

5. Write a brief account on the Convention on Climate Change 1992. 12

Or

Write an essay on the nexus between Article 21 of the Constitution of India and Environmental protection. 12

6. Discuss the role of the International NGO's in the field of Environmental protection with special reforms to the day to day activities of "Green Peace" as a connecting link between Human Rights and Environment. 12

Or

Write an exhaustive note on the Rio Declaration 1992. 12

7. Distinguish between In-situ-Conservation and Ex-situ-conservation giving suitable examples in the India's context. 12

Or

Write notes on : 6+6=12

- (i) Climate Justice Programme
(ii) Basal Convention.

Total number of printed pages—4

19 (VI) INEV 6·4 (Op)

2018

**INTERNATIONAL
ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

Paper : 6·4 (OP₄)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.***

1. Choose the correct option : $1 \times 10 = 10$

(i) _____ stands as a landmark decision in the establishment of a link between natural environment and human rights in International law.
(Stockholm Conference, 1972/Rio Earth Summit, 1992)

(ii) Agenda 21 was adopted in the _____.
(Copenhagen Summit, 2009/Rio Earth Summit, 1992)

(iii) The Ramsar Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, 1971 was held in _____. (Iraq/Iran)

Contd.

(iv) To foster respect for International law and treaty, obligations is a directive towards the state under the Constitution of India in _____.

(Article 48A/51)

(v) The Vienna Convention for the protection of Ozone Layer was held in the year _____.

(1997/1985)

(vi) "Blue rights" signify the civil and political rights in International law.

(True/False)

(vii) The right to live in a healthy environment is a _____.

(First Generation/Third Generation Human Right)

(viii) The Brundtland Commission was constituted by the U.N. General Assembly in the year _____.

(1993/1983)

(ix) Poverty is both a cause and a consequence of environmental degradation.

(True/False)

(x) The "public trust doctrine" in International law which plays a very important role for environmental protection was first introduced by _____.

(Prof. Roscoe Pound / Prof. Joseph L. Sax)

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10

(i) Global Environmental Facility

(ii) Climate Justice Programme

(iii) Basel Convention

(iv) Ozone layer depletion

(v) "Yellow rights" in International law.

3. Write a precise jurisprudential account on the mandates of "Environmental Impact Assessment" (EIA) in International Environmental Law.

How did the Government of India implement EIA norms in its municipal laws? Discuss briefly, giving suitable examples. 6+6=12

Or

How does the higher judiciary in India, respond to Public Interest Litigation on environmental protection? Discuss giving reference to *at least three* leading cases in this regard. 12

4. Explain the principle of Stockholm Declaration, 1972 that establishes a nexus between Human Rights and Environment in International Environmental Law. 12

Or

Write an exhaustive note on the principles of sustainable development. How did the Supreme Court of India apply the concept of sustainability in deciding the famous Tajmahal case? 6+6=12

5. What are the mandates of the Doctrine of Public Trust? Is it a part of the Indian legal system? How did the Apex Court, in India, apply the doctrine for the protection of natural resources? Discuss. 4+2+6=12

Or

Write notes on :

- (i) The Convention on Climate Change, 1992.
(ii) Precautionary Principle and Polluter pays principle. 6+6=12

6. Discuss the role of the International NGO "Greenpeace" and its contribution to India in the field of environmental protection. 12

Or

What are the Environmental Rights and Duties? Are they supplementary to each other? Discuss, precisely, in Indian context. 6+6=12

7. Discuss the facts of the case and the principles of law established by the Supreme Court of India in the famous Oleum Gas Leak case. 12

Or

Discuss the role of the Inter-governmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) in the establishment of a link between human rights, peace and sustainable development. 12

Total number of printed pages-7

19 (VI) INEV 6.4 (OP)

2019

**INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL
LAW**

Paper : 6.4 (OP₅)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.**

1. Choose the correct option : $1 \times 10 = 10$

(i) The key pathway to sustainability of the earth is _____.
(Anthropocentrism/Ecocentrism)

(ii) The Convention on Climate Change adopted in the Rio Earth Summit, 1992 was a _____ treaty. (bilateral/multilateral)

Contd.

(iii) Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) is a _____ requirement of sustainable development. (mandatory/optional)

(iv) In Article _____ of the Constitution of India, there is a mandatory duty on the part of every citizen of India to protect and improve the natural environment. [48-A/51A(g)].

(v) The United Nations Conference on The Human Environment was held in Stockholm, Sweden in the year 1972 _____. (from 5th to 16th June/5th to 18th July)

(vi) "The purpose of development should not be to develop things but to develop man" was the proclamation of the _____. (Rio Declaration/Cocoyoc Declaration)

(vii) The name of jurist associated with the doctrine of public trust is _____. (Prof. Joseph Sax/Prof. Upendra Baxi)

(viii) The Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) was adopted in the _____. (Rio Earth Summit, 1992/Johannesburg Summit, 2002)

(ix) "Poverty is the most important polluter of our environment". (True/False)

(x) _____ recognised "Deepor Beel wetland" of Assam as one of the biggest in Asia. (Vienna Convention, 1987/Ramsar Convention, 1971)

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10

(i) Environmental Liability Insurance (ELI)

(ii) Stratospheric layer depletion

(iii) Global Warming

(iv) Public Trust doctrine

(v) Precautionary Principle.

3. What does the Basel Convention, 1989 regulate? Has the United States of America signed the Basel Convention?

How did India implement the guidelines of the Basel Convention? Discuss, briefly, giving reference to the relevant laws made in this regard. 4+2+6=12

Or

Discuss the role of the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) - International in the field of the wilderness preservation and the reduction of human impact on the environment in India. 12

4. What are the international mandates on the requirement of "Environment Impact Assessment" (EIA) for the proposed development projects?

Discuss, precisely, giving reference to the relevant provisions from the United Nations documents pertaining environmental protection. 6+6=12

Or

"In 1984-89, an Advocate named M. C. Mehta filed a bunch of Public Interest Litigations in the Supreme Court of India for the protection of fragile ecosystem".

How did the Apex court respond to these cases while maintaining the balance between environment and development? Discuss. 12

5. "Human rights violations lead to environmental degradation and that environmental degradation leads to human rights violations"

— U. N. Draft Declaration on the principles of Human Rights and the Environment, 1994.

In the light of the above statement, discuss the role of the United Nations towards interlinking human rights with the natural environment in International Law. 12

Or

Write notes on : 6+6=12

- (i) Global Environmental Facility
- (ii) Right to Information on the Environment.

6. Write an account on the role played by the National Green Tribunal (NGT) - Eastern zone in the field of conservation of environment. 12

Or

Explain the basic documents adopted in the Rio Earth Summit, 1992. 12

7. How would you differentiate between the rule of strict liability and the rule of absolute liability? Write an explanatory note, in this regard, giving special reference to the Oleum Gas Leak Case in India. 6+6=12

Or

Define the expression "Sustainable Development". What are the Sustainable Development Goals set by the United Nations General Assembly? Discuss. 4+8=12

Total number of printed pages-6

19 (Sem-6) INEV

2021

INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Paper : 6-4

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

I. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers:

1×10=10

(a) The Right to a Healthy Environment is an/a _____.

(individual right/collective right)

(b) The Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 was _____ of Stockholm Conference.

(outcome/coincidental)

(c) "Ecology is permanent economy", was the slogan of _____.

(Narmada Bachao Andolan/Chipko Movement)

Contd.

- (d) The World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED) in 1983 was headed by _____.
(Mrs. Indira Gandhi/Mrs. G.H. Brundtland)
- (e) The Rule of Strict Liability is of _____.
(English origin/Indian origin)
- (f) “Deepor Beel” in Guwahati was recognised as one of the largest wetlands in Asia at the _____ Convention.
(Vienna/Ramsar)
- (g) Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) generally represents how much oxygen is needed to break down _____ matter in water. (organic/inorganic)
- (h) The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) was set up at the _____.
(Stockholm Conference/Rio Earth Summit)
- (i) The Right to Self-Determination is a _____ Generation of Human Right.
(First/Third)
- (j) The Indian delegation at the Rio Earth Summit was led by _____.
(Mr. Narashimha Rao/Mrs. Indira Gandhi)

2. Answer briefly : $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) Distinction between *In-situ* conservation and *Ex-situ* conservation in International Environmental Law.
- (b) Cause of Action in the Tajmahal case.
- (c) Carbon dioxide problem and climate change.
- (d) Kyoto Protocol.
- (e) COP26 and India.

3. Is "Public Hearing" a mandatory requirement under the Draft EIA Notification, 2020 ? Discuss the importance and significance of Public hearing as an integral part of natural justice before granting NOC to a proposed project. $4+8=12$

Or

What was the main objective of the Central Government for enacting The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977 ? Discuss precisely. 12

4. What do you understand by the term "indangered species" and "threatened species" ? What is the purpose of CITES and how does it address the issues on trade of endangered species ? Discuss.

$3+3+6=12$

Or

What is Ozone layer depletion ? Is there any international convention for the protection of ozone layer ? Discuss briefly, the importance and significance of ozone layer in the stratosphere in the climatology and biology of the earth. 4+2+6=12

5. There is a disparity between economic development and environmental protection and as an attempt to address such disparities, the concept of sustainable development was globally accepted and is followed in India, as well. Now based on this concept, the Supreme Court of India banned a huge power plant that was causing environmental pollution. However, the plant served employments to nearly 2 lakhs of labourers who are now left with no alternative sources to maintain their livelihood, thereby making them to starve. The same concept of sustainable development also provides for eradication of poverty and unemployment.

Now justify the decision of the Supreme Court with relevant case laws and what shall be done to provide relief to the two lakhs labourers concerned. 8+4=12

Or

Do you think that the United Nations has been proactive with regard to problems on human health and global environment ? Give your comment. 12

6. “In the recent United Nations Climate Change Conference, 2021, more commonly referred to as COP26, several major coal-using nations have pledged for the first time to phase out their use of the heavily polluting fossil fuel or to speed up existing plans to do so, while others announced commitments to end investment in new coal-fired power plants.”

What role was played by the Prime Minister of India in the COP26 in this regard ? Discuss. 12

Or

Is the State a “trustee” of its natural resources ? Give your answer in the light of established legal doctrines and decided cases by the Supreme Court of India. 12

7. "Human rights violations lead to environmental degradation and that environmental degradation leads to human rights violations."

Do you agree with the above statement ? Give your answer in the light of international conferences in this regard and Draft Declarations and Framework Principles on Human Rights and the Environment.

12

Or

Was the settlement secured by the Supreme Court of India in the Bhopal Gas Leak Case, justified ? Discuss critically.

12

Total number of printed pages-4

19 (6) INEV 6.4 (OP₅)

2023

**INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL
LAW**

Paper : 6.4 (OP₅)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.***

1. Choose the correct answer : $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) _____ is known as the Magna Carta of Environmental Protection.
(Rio Declaration/ Stockholm Declaration)
 - (b) India has been a party to the Montreal Protocol since _____.
(June 1992/ July 1993)
 - (c) The United Nations has established a total of _____ Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). (16/17)
 - (d) The Global Environment Facility (GEF) was established on the eve of the 1992 Rio Earth Summit to help tackle environmental problems. (True/False)

Contd.

(e) The Kyoto Protocol is an international treaty that sets some limits on emission of greenhouse gases. (True/False)

(f) The Basal Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous wastes and their Disposal was designed to reduce the movement of _____ between nations. (hazardous wastes/radioactive wastes)

(g) The Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) was adopted in the year _____. (1992/2002)

(h) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change was established in the year _____. (1988/1999)

(i) The Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) was signed on _____. (3 March, 1973/1 July, 1975)

(j) The Greenpeace International NGO was founded in the year _____. (1971/1973)

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10

(a) Hazardous Wastes

(b) Environmental Impact Assessment

(c) Agenda 21

(d) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)

(e) Precautionary Principle

3. Discuss the salient features of the Vienna Convention for the Protection of Ozone Layer, 1985. 12

OR

Write short notes on : 6+6=12

(a) Acid Rain and Taj Mahal Case

(b) Greenhouse Effect

4. Write an essay on the Nexus between Human Rights and Environment in International Law. 12

OR

Discuss in brief the salient principles of the Stockholm Declaration, 1972.

5. Discuss how the United Nations have played an important role in protecting the environment. 12

OR

Write short notes on : $4 \times 3 = 12$

- (a) Earthwatch
- (b) Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWFN)
- (c) Friends of the Earth International (FoEI)

6. Write short notes on : $6 + 6 = 12$

- (a) Basal Convention
- (b) Global Environment Facility (GEF)

OR

Discuss the salient features of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES), 1973. 12

7. Write a brief note on the Convention on Climate Change, 1992. 12

OR

Write short notes on : $6 + 6 = 12$

- (a) Climate Justice Programme
- (b) United Nations Framework Conventions on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

Total number of printed pages-4

19 (VI) INEV 6.4 (OP₅)

2024

INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Paper : 6.4 (OP₅)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Choose the correct answer : 1×10=10
- (a) The Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer was signed in the year _____. (1985/1988)
 - (b) The term 'Sustainable Development' was first defined in the _____. (Brundtland Report/ Cocoyoc Declaration)
 - (c) Article _____ of the Constitution of India deals with the law to give effect in international treaties. (253/249)
 - (d) Global Environment Facility is the largest public funder of projects to improve the global environment. (True/False)

Contd.

- (e) _____ of the Rio Declaration deals with the precautionary approach.
(Principle 15/Principle 16)
- (f) The Supreme Court of India invoked the doctrine of public trust in the case of _____.
(*M. C. Mehta vs. Kamal Nath/M. C. Mehta vs. U.O.I.*)
- (g) The Kyoto Protocol is an international treaty that sets some limits on emission of greenhouse gases. (True/False)
- (h) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change was established in the year 2002. (True/False)
- (i) The Basal Convention is aimed at protecting human health and environment against the adverse effects of _____.
(hazardous wastes/radioactive wastes)
- (j) The Environment Impact Assessment is backed by the _____.
(*Environment Protection Act, 1986/ Wildlife Protection Act, 1972*)

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10
- (a) Pillars of Sustainable Development
- (b) Project Earth

- (c) Ozone Depleting Substances
- (d) Green Climate Fund
- (e) Hazardous Wastes

3. Write an exhaustive note on the Vienna Convention for the Protection of Ozone Layer. 12

Or

What is Global Warming ? Discuss the various causes and effects of Global Warming. What are the international measures that have been taken to control global warming ? Explain. 2+6+4=12

4. Discuss in brief the salient principles of the Rio Declaration, 1992. 12

Or

Write short notes on : 6+6=12

- (a) Agenda 21
- (b) Environment Impact Assessment

5. Discuss how the United Nations have played an important role in protecting the environment. 12

Or

Discuss the role of various international NGO's in protecting the environment.

6. Write a brief note on the Basal Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal.

12

Or

Write short notes on : 6+6=12

- (a) Global Environment Facility
(b) CITES

7. Discuss the salient principles of the Convention on Climate Change, 1992. 12

Or

Write short notes on : 6+6=12

- (a) IPCC
(b) Climate Justice Programme

INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Paper : 6·4 (OP₅)

(Old Course)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.***

1. Choose the correct answer : $1 \times 10 = 10$

(a) India is of the Global Environment Facility.

(donor/ both donor and recipient)

(b) Right to wholesome environment is a fundamental right within the meaning of Article of the Constitution of India. *(21/19)*

(c) The Convention on Biological Diversity is a treaty.

(bilateral/ multilateral)

(d) Conservation of flora and fauna within their natural habitats is called

..... *(in situ/ ex situ)*

(e) The United Nations Conference on Human Environment, 1972 is also known as

(Stockholm Declaration/ Vienna Declaration)

(f) The Paris Agreement is a legally binding international treaty on climate change adopted in (2002/2015)

(g) The UNFCCC provides a framework for international negotiations on (deforestation/ climate change)

(h) Chipko Andolan was associated with (Conservation of the forest/ climate change)

(i) The Greenhouse effect is caused by the absorption of radiation by greenhouse gases. (ultra-violet/ infra-red)

(j) The Brundtland Commission presented its report in (2000/ 1987)

2. Write short notes on : $2 \times 5 = 10$

(a) Acid Rain

(b) Deforestation and its causes

(c) Radioactive wastes

(d) Forest Principles

(e) Convention on Biological Diversity

3. What do you mean by Ozone Depletion? What are the salient features of the Vienna Convention, 1985 that deals with the protection of ozone layer? $2+10=12$

Or

What is Global warming? State the consequences of Greenhouse effect and how its effect leads to Global warming.

$2+10=12$

4. Write short notes on : **(any two)**

$6+6=12$

(a) Kyoto Protocol

(b) Agenda 21

(c) Earth Summit

Or

Define the term 'Sustainable Development' as per 'Our Common Future' Report. Discuss the salient features of the Brundtland Commission and Stockholm Principles.

$4+4+4=12$

5. Discuss the role of various International NGO's in protecting and promoting Environment balance. 12

Or

Write a comprehensive note on the United Nation's initiative towards protection of the environment.

6. What do you mean by 'Endangered species'? Write an exhaustive note on the relevant international instrument that regulates endangered species. 2+10=12

Or

Write a brief note on the Basal Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their disposal.

12

7. What do you mean by Climate Justice Programme? Explain the purpose for its establishment and its function. 4+8=12

Or

Write an exhaustive note on United Nation Framework on Climate Change. 12

Total number of printed pages-8

19 (SEM-VI) IEL 6.4 (N/O)

2025

**INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL
LAW**

Paper : 6.4 (OP₅)

(New Course)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.***

1. Choose the correct answer : $1 \times 10 = 10$
- (a) Right to life guaranteed under Article 21 also extends to animals was held in which case law?
(Jallikattu case/Kharak Singh case)
- (b) The Convention on Biological Diversity is a treaty.
(bilateral/multilateral)
- (c) Minamata Convention on Mercury is an international environmental treaty that aims to protect human health and environment from the harmful effects of
(Hydrogen/Mercury)

(d) The United Nation Conference on Human Environment 1972 is also known as

(Stockholm Declaration/ Vienna Declaration)

(e) The treaty designates Antarctica as a region for peaceful purposes and exploration.

(Scientific/ Environmental)

(f) The Paris Agreement is a legally binding international treaty on climate change adopted in (2002/2015)

(g) The Convention on Wetlands is also known as
(Ramsar Convention/ Convention on Biological Diversity)

(h) The UNFCCC provides a framework for international negotiations on
(deforestation/ climate change)

(i) The full form of WWF is
(WORLD WIDE FUND/ World Wrestling Federation)

(j) Which one of the following is not a Greenhouse Gas?
(Methane/ Hydrogen)

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10

(a) Green Climate Fund

(b) Acid Rain

(c) Animal Rights as a part of the Rights of Nature

(d) Climate Justice

(e) Role of Greenpeace

3. Write an exhaustive note on Right to Environment as a Human Right. 12

Or

What do you mean by Global warming? What causes Global warming and what are its effects? What are the international initiatives that have been taken to address warming? 2+4+6=12

4. Write an exhaustive note on Kyoto Protocol. 12

Or

Write short notes on **any two** from the following : 6+6=12

(a) Rio Summit

(b) Agenda 21

(c) Brundtland Commission Report

(d) Ozone Depletion

5. Write an exhaustive note on Sustainable Development and the role of judiciary in promoting the Sustainable Development with the help of case laws. 6+6=12

Or

Write an exhaustive note on the role of UN and NGOs in protecting the environment and upholding the environmental rights.

12

6. Write the salient features of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species. 12

Or

Write a brief note on the Basal Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their disposal.

7. What do you mean by Climate Justice Programme? Explain the purpose for its establishment and its function.

4+8=12

Or

Write short notes on :

6+6=12

(a) UNFCCC

(b) The United Nations Environment Assembly